

Quadratics As level Edexcel Maths Past Papers Questions

01.

$$f(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 2x - 6$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that $(x - 3)$ is a factor of $f(x)$.

(2)

(b) Hence show that 3 is the only real root of the equation $f(x) = 0$

(4)

02. The equation $kx^2 + 4kx + 3 = 0$, where k is a constant, has no real roots.

Prove that

$$0 \leq k < \frac{3}{4}$$

(4)

03.

(a) Factorise completely $x^3 + 10x^2 + 25x$

(2)

(b) Sketch the curve with equation

$$y = x^3 + 10x^2 + 25x$$

showing the coordinates of the points at which the curve cuts or touches the x -axis.

(2)

The point with coordinates $(-3, 0)$ lies on the curve with equation

$$y = (x+a)^3 + 10(x+a)^2 + 25(x+a)$$

where a is a constant.

(c) Find the two possible values of a .

(3)

04.

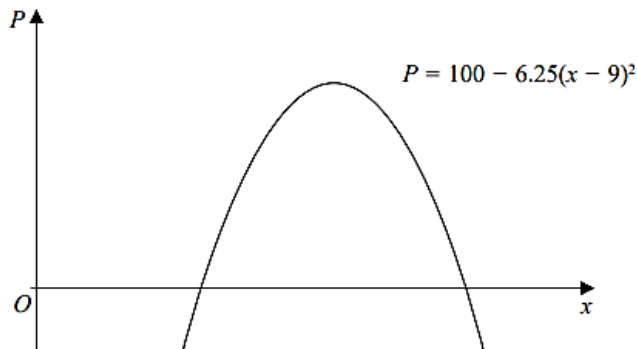


Figure 1

A company makes a particular type of children's toy.

The annual profit made by the company is modelled by the equation

$$P = 100 - 6.25(x - 9)^2$$

where P is the profit measured in thousands of pounds and x is the selling price of the toy in pounds.

A sketch of P against x is shown in Figure 1.

Using the model,

(a) explain why £15 is not a sensible selling price for the toy. (2)

Given that the company made an annual profit of more than £80 000

(b) find, according to the model, the least possible selling price for the toy. (3)

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The company wishes to maximise its annual profit.

State, according to the model,

(c) (i) the maximum possible annual profit,
(ii) the selling price of the toy that maximises the annual profit. (2)

05.

$$g(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 - 15x + 50$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that $(x + 2)$ is a factor of $g(x)$.

(2)

(b) Hence show that $g(x)$ can be written in the form $g(x) = (x + 2)(ax + b)^2$, where a and b are integers to be found.

(4)

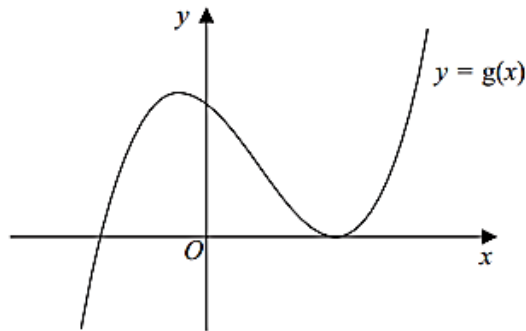


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation $y = g(x)$

(c) Use your answer to part (b), and the sketch, to deduce the values of x for which

(i) $g(x) \leq 0$

(ii) $g(2x) = 0$

(3)

06.

Find, using algebra, all real solutions to the equation

(i) $16a^2 = 2\sqrt{a}$ (4)

(ii) $b^4 + 7b^2 - 18 = 0$ (4)

07.

A company started mining tin in Riverdale on 1st January 2019.

A model to find the total mass of tin that will be mined by the company in Riverdale is given by the equation

$$T = 1200 - 3(n - 20)^2$$

where T tonnes is the total mass of tin mined in the n years after the start of mining.

Using this model,

- (a) calculate the mass of tin that will be mined up to 1st January 2020, (1)
- (b) deduce the maximum total mass of tin that could be mined, (1)
- (c) calculate the mass of tin that will be mined in 2023. (2)
- (d) State, giving reasons, the limitation on the values of n . (2)

08.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(i) Solve the equation

$$x\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{18} = x$$

writing the answer as a surd in simplest form.

(3)

(ii) Solve the equation

$$4^{3x-2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

(3)

09.

$$g(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 - 41x - 70$$

- (a) Use the factor theorem to show that $g(x)$ is divisible by $(x - 5)$. (2)
- (b) Hence, showing all your working, write $g(x)$ as a product of three linear factors. (4)

The finite region R is bounded by the curve with equation $y = g(x)$ and the x -axis, and lies below the x -axis.

- (c) Find, using algebraic integration, the exact value of the area of R . (4)

10.

In this question you should show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(a) Using algebra, find all solutions of the equation

$$3x^3 - 17x^2 - 6x = 0 \quad (3)$$

(b) Hence find all real solutions of

$$3(y-2)^6 - 17(y-2)^4 - 6(y-2)^2 = 0 \quad (3)$$

11. A curve C has equation $y = f(x)$ where

$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 12x + 8$$

- (a) Write $f(x)$ in the form

$$a(x + b)^2 + c$$

where a , b and c are constants to be found.

(3)

The curve C has a maximum turning point at M .

- (b) Find the coordinates of M .

(2)

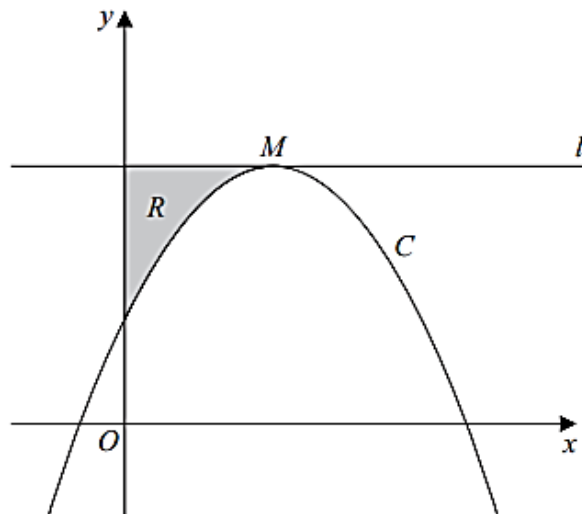


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a sketch of the curve C .

The line l passes through M and is parallel to the x -axis.

The region R , shown shaded in Figure 3, is bounded by C , l and the y -axis.

- (c) Using algebraic integration, find the area of R .

(5)

12.

$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 + 2x + 15$$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that $(x + 3)$ is a factor of $f(x)$. (2)

(b) Find the constants a , b and c such that

$$f(x) = (x + 3)(ax^2 + bx + c) \quad (2)$$

(c) Hence show that $f(x) = 0$ has only one real root. (2)

(d) Write down the real root of the equation $f(x - 5) = 0$ (1)

13. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

Using the substitution $u = \sqrt{x}$ or otherwise, solve

$$6x + 7\sqrt{x} - 20 = 0$$

(4)

14. In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

The curve C_1 has equation $y = 8 - 10x + 6x^2 - x^3$

The curve C_2 has equation $y = x^2 - 12x + 14$

(a) Verify that when $x = 1$ the curves C_1 and C_2 intersect.

(2)

The curves also intersect when $x = k$.

Given that $k < 0$

(b) use algebra to find the exact value of k .

(5)